

OPEN FORUM

UPDATES ON DATA TRANSPARENCY, IDENTITY & PRIVACY INITIATIVES

JUNE 6, 2019

Agenda

Topic	Lead	Duration	Time
Welcome	Dave Smith	10 min	2:00p - 2:10p
Data Transparency Standards (New!) • Scope • Requirements • Implementation	Ben Dick, Dave Smith	30 min	2:10p – 2:40p
Making Taxonomies Cool Again Creative Applications of Standardized Content and Audience Taxonomies	Noel Agnew, Kevin Flood	30 min	2:40p – 3:10p
Break		20 min	3:10p - 3:30p
 ID Standardization: Needs, Benefits, Browser Implications Why Standardization is Important The Browser Environment and the Future of 3rd Party Cookies 	Jordan Mitchell	40 min	3:30p - 4:10p
 Update on Current Policy Environment TCF 2.0 CCPA 	Dennis Buchheim	20 min	4:10p – 4:30p
Networking / Happy Hour		-	



Upcoming Data Transparency Standards



Dave Smith
SVP, Monetization & Yield

pandora®



Benjamin Dick
Director of Product, Data

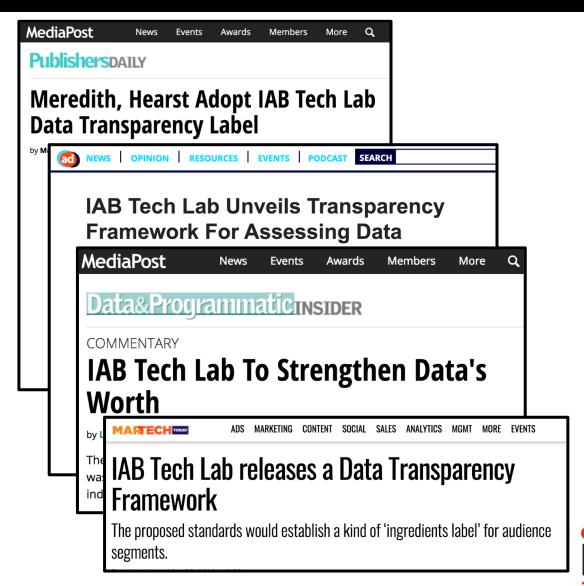
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Upcoming Data Transparency Standards

- Public comment ended in Q1
- Final requirements to be released end of June '19
- Release elements:
 - Minimum disclosure requirements for data providers
 - New Audience Taxonomy 1.0 that will be incorporated into the new standard
 - Associated compliance program to validate those sellers who meet requirements





The Problem

- **Transparency**: In 2017, 2nd and 3rd party data sales and associated functions are worth an estimated \$10 billion*. Current platforms do not systematically provide any level of detail or transparency about the extent to which the segment accurately assigns demographic or behavioral attributes to an identified user. This is unsustainable for a market this size.
- **Segment Naming Conventions**: No consistency in naming conventions or taxonomies. Segments across vendors can't be properly evaluated (ie, Bluekai might use "Auto-intender while Lotame uses "In market for cars")
- Buyer Education: Lack of education regarding the underlying determinants of quality ... buyers aren't asking for more detail
- Unique Political Environment:
 - Advertisers are becoming much more savvy and focused on supply chain transparency "We have a media supply chain that is
 murky at best and fraudulent at worst. We need to clean it up, and invest the time and money we save into better advertising to
 drive growth" Marc Pritchard, Chief Brand Officer, P&G (2017 IAB Leadership Meeting)
 - Regulators both internationally and increasingly in the US are focusing on data collection practices, consumer controls (Marc Zuckerberg congressional testimony on 4/10 -11 regarding Facebook / Cambridge Analytica)



Marketplace Transparency Needs

- 1. Data Provenance: where was the data attribute sourced?
- 2. Data Age: how long ago was the data collected, compiled, and then made available for online activation?
- **3. Data Modeling**: to what extent was the data manipulated or modeled?
- **4. Data Segmentation Criteria**: what are the qualifying business rules for an ID to be included in a segment?
- **5. Data Taxonomy**: when can one data segment be evaluated against another like segment?

Current Level of Transparency:

ID	Segment Name
abc123xyz456	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz457	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz458	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz459	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz460	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz461	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz462	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz463	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz464	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz465	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz466	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz467	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz468	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz469	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz470	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz471	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz472	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz473	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz474	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz475	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz476	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz477	BMW Autointender
abc123xyz478	BMW Autointender



Solution

1 WHO provided the data segment

3 HOW the segment was constructed

Data Transparency Facts

Data Distributor Name: Data Company
Data Distributor Contact: DataSolutionTeam@data.com
Data Provider Name: Leasing Company
Data Provider Contact: DataAccounts@leasingco.com

Audience Snapshot			
Branded Name	Auto Intenders – Six Months		
Standard Name Auto Intenders			
Audience Descripti Households likely in the vehicle in the next six	ne market to purchase a new		
Geographies	USA		

Audience Construction	Attributes
Audience Count	6,500,000
Precision Level	Households
Activation ID(s)	Cookies
Audience Expansion	Yes
Cross-Device Expansion	Yes
Last Refresh Date	02-Jan-2018
Event Lookback Window	60 Days

Attributes

Data Source

Source ID Description Dealer-reported names and postal who requested test drives	codes of individuals
Source ID Contribution	1,130,000
Precision Level	Individual
ID Key	Name and Postal
Source Event	Transactions
Inclusion Method	Observed
Seed Size (if modeled)	-
Source Refresh Frequency	Quarterly
Event Lookback Window	180 Days

This Data Transparency Label has been developed by members of ANA's Council for Data Integrity and IAB Tech Lab's Data Transparency Working Group, with the support of CIMM, The ARF and IAB's Data Center of Excellence. For more information, please visit datalabel.org.

2 WHAT
audience
segment the
label describes

4 WHERE
the original data
components
were sourced





Scope of Data Transparency Standard





- Establish a baseline expectation for <u>any</u> seller of data regarding the level of transparency necessary for a buyer to make an informed purchase decision
- Introduce compliance programs to identify sellers that meet baseline transparency requirements

- 1. Develop a POV on what "quality" means
- 2. Establish a way of vetting the extent to which segment descriptions reflect audience attributes of users (ie, the extent to which an "Auto-intender" segment reflects individuals in the market for a car).

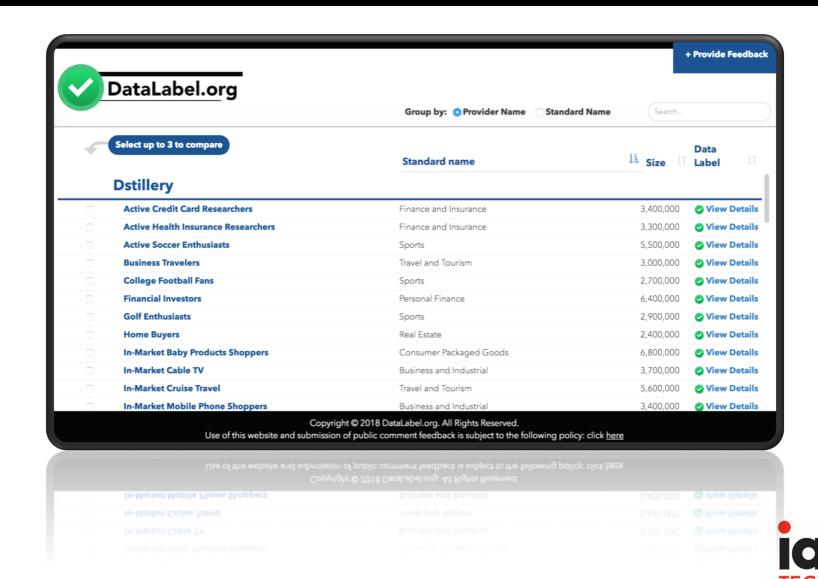


How Buyers Will Access Data Labels



Available to all Tech Lab members

2. Existing Data Marketplaces

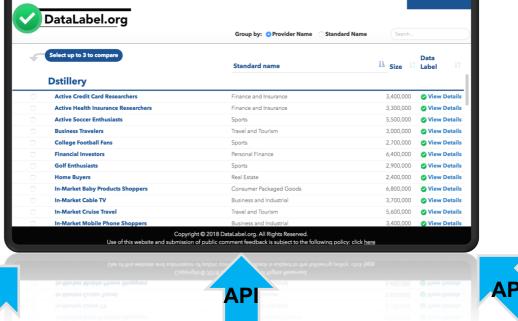


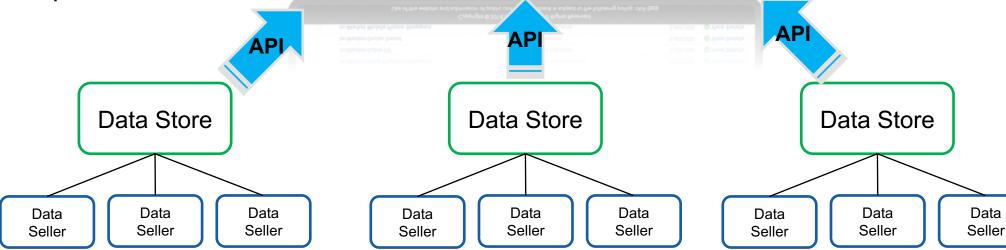
How Labels Get Sourced

Direct upload to datalabel.org



Redundant API integrations across participating data marketplaces







Disclosure Requirements: 20 Fields

Section	Field Name	Field Options	Format Requirements	Description
	Provider Name	Free text	Alpha-numeric: 100 characters	Name of the business entity selling the data.
	Provider Contact Info	Free text	Alpha-numeric: 100 characters	Email address where provider can field inquiries about segment
	Segment Name	Free Text	Alpha-numeric: 100 characters	Provider's descriptive name of audience attribute contained in segment
	Standardized Segment Name	Free text Tier 1, 2, and "final" Tier of Taxonomy naming convention is required to be displayed.	Alpha-numeric: 100 characters	Declaration of the most accurate standardized name as selected from IAB Audience Taxonomy 1.0 [LINK].
		Alpha-numeric: 500 characters	Description of the rules applied by the seller that govern inclusion of data points into the online audience segment. Sellers may wish to include provenance, recency, and frequency logic, as well as core differentiating factors that a buyer may want to evaluate during purchase decision	
	Audience Precision Level	Individual Household Business Device ID Browser Geography	Multi-select: Dropdown	The level of granularity for audience composition
	ID Count	Free text	Numeric: 15 characters	The number of IDs contained in the segment.
	ID Type(s)	Cookie ID Mobile ID Platform ID	Multi-Select: Dropdown	The currency of activation IDs
	Geography	See ISO-3166-1-alpha-3	Multi-Select: Dropdown	Geographies associated with the coverage of the segment.
Privacy	Privacy Policy	Free text	URL: 100 characters	Link to the seller's privacy policy

Disclosure Requirements: 20 Fields

Section	Field Name	Field Options	Format Requirements	Description
	Data Source(s)	App Behavior App Usage Web Usage Geo Location Email TV OTT or STB Device Online Ecommerce Credit Data Loyalty Card Transaction Online Survey Offline Survey** Public Record: Census** Public Record: Voter File** Public Record: Other**	Multi-Select: Dropdown	Origin of the raw data used to compile the audience
Audience	Data Inclusion Methodology	Offline Transaction** Observed/Known Declared Inferred Derived Modeled***	Multi-Select: Dropdown	Description of seller's relationship to the audience attribute / information being sold: Observed / Known - The underlying audience attributes are directly observed Declared - The underlying audience attributes are self-reported by the audience members Derived - The underlying audience attributes are computed based on other known or declared fields on record Inferred - The underlying audience attributes are determined from business rules or logic Modeled - The underlying audience attributes are calculated using an algorithm, with a seed as the
Details	Audience Expansion ***	Yes No	Single-Select: Dropdown	source Was look-a-like modeling used to include "similar" IDs?
	Cross-device Expansion	Yes No	Single-Select: Dropdown	Was the segment expanded to include IDs thought to be associated with the devices of the same user, household, or business?
	Audience Refresh Cadence	Intra-day Daily Weekly Monthly Bi-Monthly Quarterly Bi-Annually Annually	Single-select: Dropdown	Cadence of audience refresh
	Source Lookback Window	Annually Intra-day Daily Weekly Monthly Bi-Monthly Quarterly Bi-Annually Annually	Single-select: Dropdown	Period in the past that a qualifying event can occur for inclusion in audience

Disclosure Requirements: 20 Fields

Section	Field Name	Field Options	Format Requirements	Description
	Input ID / Match Key	Name	Multi-Select:	Input ID/ Match Key used by the Onboarder for matching
		Address	Dropdown	
		Email		
		Postal / Geographic		
		Code		
		Lat / Long		
		Email		
		Mobile ID		
		Cookie ID		
		IP Address		
		Customer ID		
Onboarder		Phone Number		
Details**		N/A		
	Audience Expansion	Yes	Single-Select: Dropdown	Was look-a-like modeling used to include "similar" IDs before the data
		No		was matched to a digital identifier?
		N/A		
	Cross Device	Yes	Single-Select: Dropdown	Was the audience expanded to include affiliated devices and IDs before
	Expansion	No		the data was matched to a digital identifier?
		N/A		
	Audience Precision	Individual	Single-Select:	What is the precision level of the data before it was matched to a digital
	Level	Household	Dropdown	identifier?
		Geography		
		N/A		



Interested in Learning More?

Check Out



Compliance program inquires: participate@datalabel.org





Making Taxonomies Cool Again

Creative Applications of Standardized Content and Audience Taxonomies



Noel Agnew Senior Taxonomist

verizon / media



Kevin Flood CEO





Importance of Taxonomy

Advertisers already consider disclosure, transparency, high-quality content, and brand safety to be the cost of entry. 2019 will be the year of 'prove it'. Those who have the teams, technology, taxonomies, and expertise to remove any doubt of success will succeed. 35

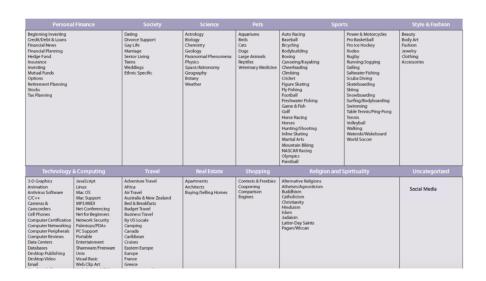




Taxonomy and Mapping Working Group

- QAG taxonomy last updated in 2011
- Through the years we'd seen the taxonomy used for other purposes. Several protocols and working documents use the taxonomy not only to describe site content, but also ad products and audiences. The use of a single taxonomy to describe many different attributes had become an issue as different mediums require different nomenclature

Books & Literature Celebrity Fan/Gossip Fine Art Humor Movies Music Television		Auto Parts Auto Repair Buying/Selling Cars Car Culture Certified Pre-Owned Convertible Coupe Crossover Diesel Electric Vehicle Hatchback	Hybrid Luxury MiniVan Motorcycles Off-Road Vehicles Performance Vehicles Pickup Road-Side Assistance Sedan Trucks & Accessories Vintage Cars	Advertising Agriculture Bioteck/Biomedical Bioteck/Biomedical Bouriess Software Construction Forestry Government Government Green Solutions Human Resources Legistics Metalis	Career Planning College Financial Aid Job Fais: Job Search Resume Writing/Advice Nursing Scholarships Telecommuting U.S. Military Career Advice	7-12 Education Adult Education Art History College Administration College Life Distance Learning English as a 2nd Language Language Learning Graduate School Homeschooling Homework/Study Tips K-6 Educators Private School Special Education Studying Business	Adoption Bables & Toddlers Daycare/Pre-School Family Internet Parenting - K-6 Kids Parenting Teens Pregnancy Special Needs Kids Eldercare
Health	& Fitness	Food 8	k Drink	Hobbies & Interests	Home & Garden	Law, Gov't & Politics	News
Everduse A.D.D. AIDS,HIV AIDS,	Herbs for Health Holistic Healing Holistic Healing Holistic Healing Hosel Zebus Support Interest Adults Support Horizon Lifertility Lifertility Corthopedic Orthopedic Orthopedic Orthopedic Orthopedic Orthopedic Disorders Physical Theory Physical Theory Physical Theory See Substance Abuse Women's Health Women's H	American Cuisine Barbecus & Grilling Cajani/Creole Chinese Cuisine Collecte Cuisine Collecte Cuisine Collecte Cuisine Collecte Collecte Collecte Cuisine Poerica Collecte Coll		AntTechnology Ant Se Carlot Beadwork Beadwork Beadwork Grown Service Candle & Soap Making Card Games Chess Contecting Comit Books Contecting Comit Books Contecting Comit Books Comit Book	Applances Emetralining Environmental Safety Environmental Safety Home Repair Home Repair H	Immigration Legal Issuer U.S. Government Resources Politics Commentary	International News National News Local News





Taxonomy and Mapping Working Group

Solution: Create 3 new taxonomies



Describe the 'aboutness' of a site (with enhanced vectors)



Through demographics/intere st/purchase intent



Describe the product in an ad



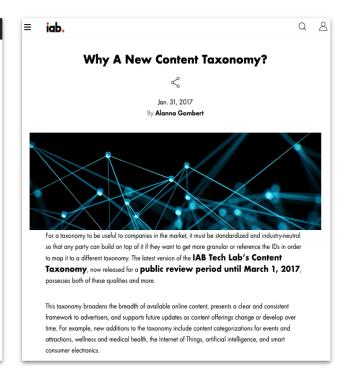
New Content Taxonomy



Work began in 2015, release Jan 2017









New Content Taxonomy

Improvements:

- Presents a clear and consistent framework to stakeholders, improving data quality, and allowing for future updates through versioning
- Includes 400+ new site content classifications across 29 Tier 1 categories in addition to updated categories including events and attractions, the Internet of Things (IoT), artificial intelligence, and smart consumer electronics
- Improved nomenclature, removing references to specific brands and countries to provide an agnostic taxonomy for global adoption
- Developed a machine-readable taxonomy with incorporated ID mappings a content taxonomy JSON file is uploaded on the IAB Tech Lab GitHub Repository



New Content Taxonomy: Improvements

The structure was rebuilt to remove ambiguity and provide more granularity: for example splitting Health & Fitness into Medical Health and Healthy Living, and splitting Arts & Entertainment into several independent categories

Taxonomy v1

Site	Category
CLASSIC f M	Arts & Entertainment
BuzzFeed	Arts & Entertainment
OPitchfork	Arts & Entertainment
Røtten Tomatøes	Arts & Entertainment
⇔ IGN	Arts & Entertainment

Taxonomy v2

Site	Category
CLASSIC f M	Fine Arts / Music & Audio
BuzzFeed	Pop Culture
©Pitchfork	Music & Audio
R⊕tten Tomat e es	Movies
⇔ IGN [™]	Video Gaming



New Content Taxonomy: Improvements



Delineates between topic context or "aboutness" and additional attributes of content context such as content language, form factor, origin, media type, creating orthogonal vectors to describe such attributes

Taxonomy v1:

 Content categories: Automotive/Convertible

Taxonomy v2:

- Content categories: Automotive/Convertible
- Content Channel: Editorial/Professional
- Content type: Review
- Content Media Format: Mixed
- Content Language: en
- Content Source: Professionally Produced



New Content Taxonomy

Use Case Video Intelligence: Taxonomy Mapping Project



- Training models to classify videos into YCT categories, want to be prepared to switch to IAB for external customers
- To publish our work, it would be more convenient to work in the IAB space, so this will allow us to use the same training data

Applications:

- video bundles by content category
- personalization



Audience Taxonomy

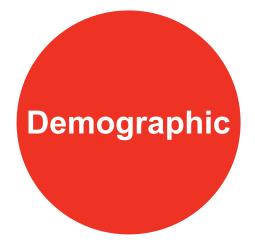
Background

- Currently, audience taxonomies exist in several DMPs and analytics platforms.
- Broadly, data users and vendors are using in-house taxonomies to describe and segment audiences with little or no standardization.
- Taxonomies address a range of audience segmentation approaches, including demographic data (age, gender, household income) and audience interest / intent (topics of interest, in-market purchase signals).



Audience Taxonomy

3 core pillars for audience segments



Describes quantifiable characteristics of the audience. Generally demographic data is binary and is not subject to interpretation. Covers age, gender, household composition, financial status, occupation.

Purchase Intent

Describes current in-market purchase intent. Largely covers products and services.

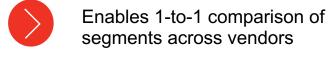


Describes medium and long term interests or passion points, which don't necessarily indicate purchase intent. Interests are unlikely to end after a purchase. Follows content taxonomy closely.



Audience Taxonomy

A standardized audience taxonomy / data segment naming convention to be incorporated as one of the labeling requirements.





Facilitates ease of discovery through search and browsing



Standardizes language & nomenclature in the industry



Facilitates easier on-boarding / taxonomy merging & mapping



Enables better cross vendor / multi-segment reporting



Clear labeling & differentiation between interest and purchase intent



Audience Taxonomy: Use Cases

Data Vendors, Data Originators / On-boarders and Segment Creators:

- Lower Barriers to entry with an industry standard taxonomy to map to. Ease of mapping to one taxonomy for data portability across
 platforms.
- Consistency between relevant parts of the Audience Taxonomy and the Content Taxonomy.
- Consistency provides greater opportunity for data originators (often publishers or brands) to model and monetize audiences.
- Quality control created by the three pillars. E.g.. Interest in Cars vs. In-market purchase intent for an SUV.
- Accommodates interests which are not necessarily purchase related, but provide better opportunity for relevant marketing / brand alignment with passion points and affinity.

Data and Media Buyers:

- Ease of discovery of relevant vendors and segments
- Ability to report and compare vendors and segments like for like
- Ability to plan data and media across platforms, channels and vendors using standardised language and nomenclature
- Ease of mapping to one taxonomy for data portability across platforms, easier on-boarding of 1st party data to blend with 3rd party.

Activation Platforms:

- Many media buying platforms are now capable of optimization at a segment or data vendor level.
- Sophisticated DSPs will be able to adjust weighting / frequency of use for different audience segments and vendors in real-time. DSPs will also be able to adjust the price paid for data and / or bid prices for audience + media packages, using the taxonomy to compare similar segment performance across vendors.



Next up: IAB Ad Product Taxonomy

Industry stakeholders were using the Content Taxonomy as a stop gap for the underserved use case of categorizing advertiser product and service offerings, in order to manage creative approval or blocking in programmatic & Ad Serving workflows.

This approach is causing shortfalls and barriers to adoption for new taxonomies:

- Content categories do not closely match product and service advertising categories
- The recent update to the content taxonomy (V2) has further sought to remove product references
- Many stakeholders are misusing the existing content taxonomy and therefore causing confusion in the industry
- Stakeholders with a creative approval / blocking use case will remain underserved until an appropriate and fit for purpose Ad Product taxonomy exists, and will resist adoption of the new v2 taxonomy for content categorization.

The group will set out to create a fit for purpose Ad Product taxonomy which will:

- 1. Enable publishers to block unwanted advertiser demand and competitor conquesting
- 2. Enable sell side stakeholders to analyse and understand their demand and revenue by channel
- Enable stakeholders to better understand and measure audience intent (which ad products / services have users clicked on / purchased)
- 4. Enable advertisers to better buy media and reach desired audiences by unravelling unsuitable adoption of the original taxonomy.



Questions?





COFFEE BREAK

20 MIN



Cookie ID Standardization

Needs, Benefits, Browser Implications



Jordan Mitchell SVP, Membership & Operations





The Context

Identifiers are foundational to our industry:

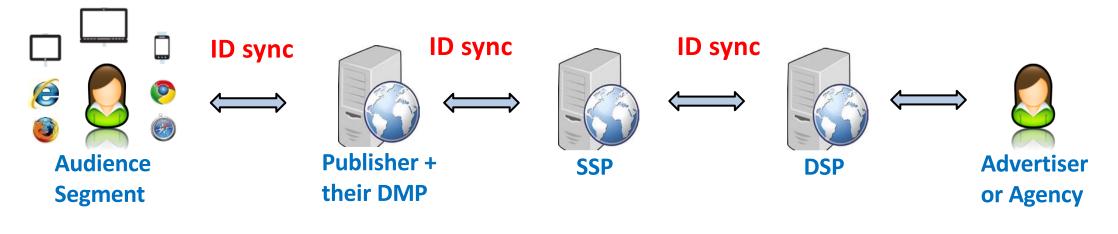
- Frequency capping
- Measurement
- Data collection
- Attribution
- Analytics
- Targeting
- Respecting consumer privacy
- Cross-device linkages

There are only two approaches supported:

- Proprietary cookies (all web/http, regardless of device)
- Proprietary device IDs (provided by the O/S)



The Problem with Cookies



100%

turns into

65%

turns into

42%

turns into

27%

<27 out of any given 100 audience members survive, greatly limiting buyer scale and seller revenue!!</p>

25-50% of audience data is lost due to third-party cookies. For the audience that remains, each ID sync reduces audience volume by another 30+%.



Objectives of Cookie Standardization

- 100% audience recognition
 - Advertisers: increased scale / audience reach
 - Publishers: higher bid density and clearing CPMs; reduced data leakage
 - Platforms: significantly reduced costs associated with ID syncing
 - Consumers: faster page load times
- 75% fewer third-party requests on pages
 - Eliminate need for ID syncs
 - Reduce data leakage concerns for publishers
 - Pages load faster for consumers
- Reduced regulatory risk (GDPR/ePR, CCPA) by coupling consumer privacy settings to a persistent ID/token



Fundamental Market Requirements

Neutrality

- 1. Openly governed, transparent, non-profit
- 2. No data collection or media model
- 3. Not tied to proprietary tech / specific shareholders

Limited Scope

- 1. Single device (not cross device)
- Transactional ID <u>necessarily</u> coupled with privacy compliance / preferences
- 3. Establish harmony with browsers, consumers, regulators

Cooperation

- 1. ID Persistence
- 2. Consumer interaction (wrt privacy / opt in prompts)
- 3. Governance of good and bad actors / ID usage
- 4. Shared cost, shared benefit: all parties on the same contract terms, proportionate funding

Global Utility

- 1. Helpful to 1st parties and 3rd parties
- Evolves with:
 - Regional policy
 - Technical constraints / mechanisms
 - Browser privacy settings



Navigating the Changing Browser Landscape





Ending the Arms Race (browser tech vs. ad tech)

Track 1: Collaborate with browsers around a shared identifier

- Set shared objectives around consumer experience & broader industry practices
- Seek cooperation in establishing common mechanism for consumer IDs, regulatory settings, preferences.

<u>Track 2</u>: Consider alternative ID persistence techniques where third-party cookies are not supported that account for consumer privacy best practices, technical feasibility

Browser "work-within"

Browsers will continue to put the consumer at the center. Our success depends on our industry's ability to do the same.



Track 2: Alternatives Evaluated, and our Criteria

ID tech mechanisms evaluated:

- Network-layer
- 2. Statistical / probabilistic
- 3. Container tag (for others' x-device IDs)
- 4. Email hash
- Publisher authorized redirects
- 6. Common consumer dialogue (1st party)

Evaluation criteria:

- 1. Privacy and consent
- 2. User experience
- 3. Governance
- 4. Accuracy
- 5. Simplicity
- 6. Resilience

Of these, #6 was considered most feasible, though would require either developing a DigiTrust user dialogue, or working in partnership with consent frameworks, CMPs, etc.



Track 2: Why We Think This is the Best Approach

- No better alternative than consumer transparency and control
- Other tactics are largely a continuation of the arms race
 - Browsers will continue to target tracking domains, remove statistical signals of value, etc
- Browsers will not get in the way of first party relationships
 - Too much risk to UX (cross-domain SSO, personalization widgets, etc
- An "ITP solution" is obviously of great interest



Commonalities of Track 1 and Track 2

Both plans inherently depend on:

- 1. Standardized mechanism for audience recognition
 - Revocable; access tied to respecting privacy preferences
- Consumer transparency and control
 - Privacy settings for consumers, respected and propagated
- 3. Industry accountability and self-policing
 - Rebuilding trust in our industry



Of these, #3 is the most urgent!



Get Involved if You Want to Help Solve This Challenge

- Deploy the JS to help propagate the ID: the more who join, the greater the benefit for all.
 - Our engineering team will walk you through a few simple steps
 - Free for publishers, small monthly contribution for platforms

The appetite of browsers to work in cooperation with our industry is dependent on our ability to work in cooperation with each other.

- Get involved in DigiTrust product governance. Its your ID, after all.
 - This is an openly developed / maintained industry resource that's communally funded for everyone's mutual benefit



Policy Landscape + Updates

Transparency & Consent Framework 2.0, CCPA



Dennis Buchheim SVP, General Manager

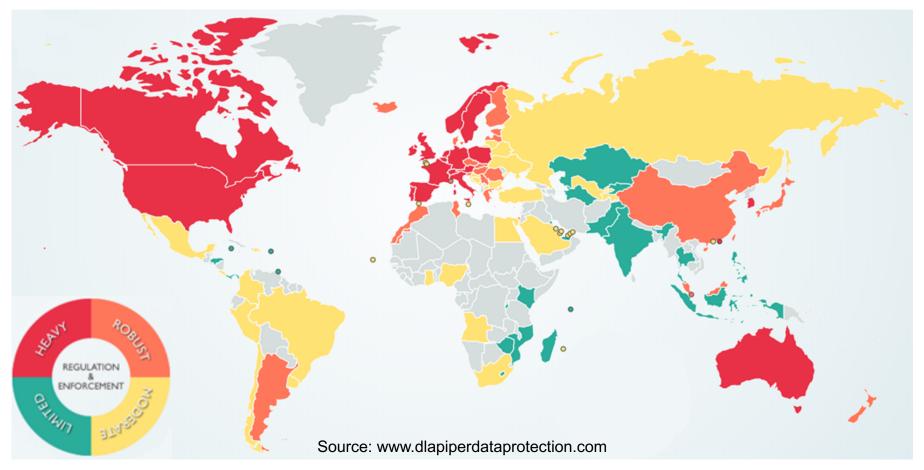




Privacy – Global Regulatory Landscape

Many countries/regions are moving towards privacy laws.

Most have "GDPR-like" features...notably, consumer consent requirements.

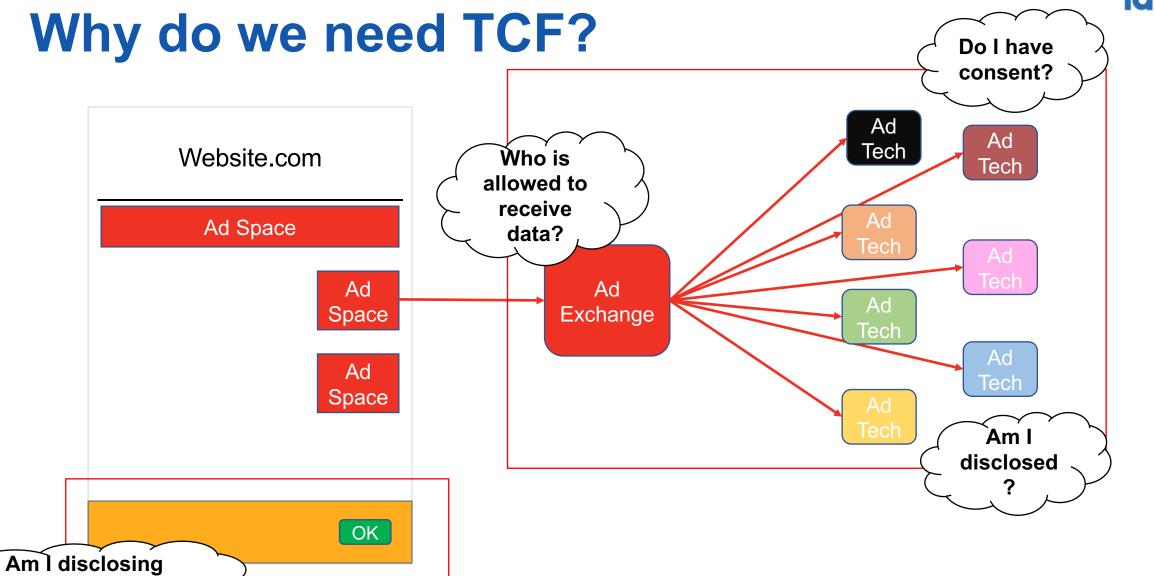


Tech Lab co-developed Transparency & Consent Framework for GDPR with IAB Europe.

We're soon kicking off discussions about technical solutions for California/US privacy laws...



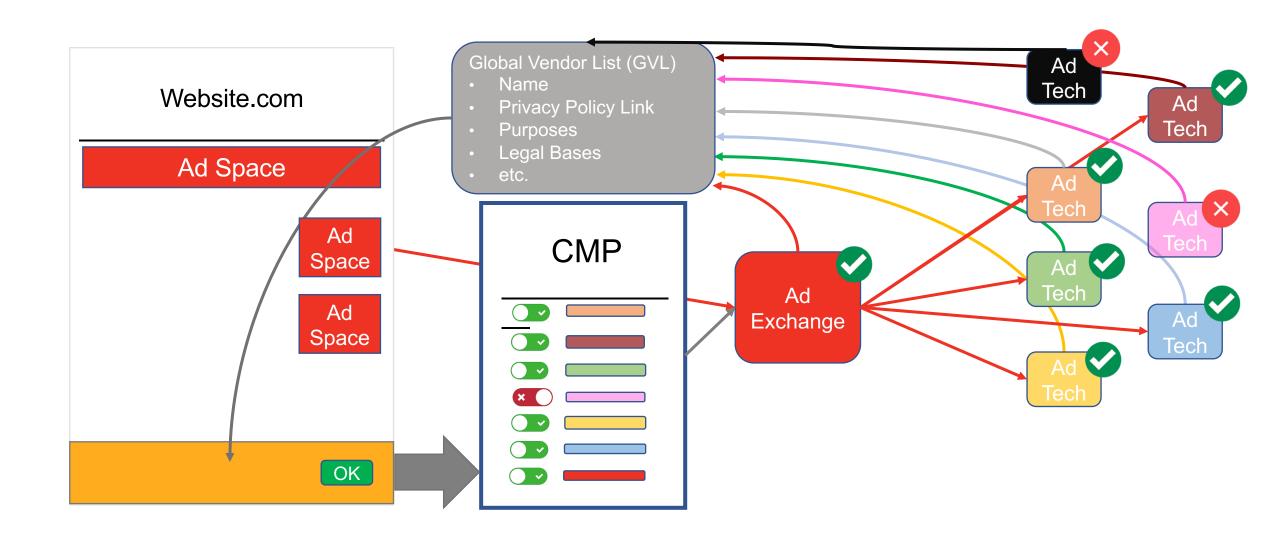




the right information?



How TCF Helps Publishers, Advertisers, Ad Tech



Introducing TCF v2.0 – Public Comment Just Ended

- Technical updates recommended by Commit Group:
 - Based on implementers' feedback, learnings from DPAs, working group input
 - Redesigned consent string now "Transparency and Consent String"
 - Mobile CMP spec now imported into main CMP API spec
 - Backwards incompatible
 - Spec versioning allows transition and clear context of signals
 - Transition plan/deadlines to be finalized

Key features:

- More granular and new purposes, definitions, signals
- Signals to allow Publishers to exercise more control over Vendors by purpose
- Explicit signals for a Vendor's transparency status
- Signals for users who object to processing on the basis of a legitimate interest



TC String Includes New Signals

Transparency and Consent String contents:

- General Metadata
- User Consent
- Legitimate Interest
- Publisher Controls
 - Purposes
 - Legal basis*

CMP ID	Vendor Consent	Purpose Consent	Vendor LI	Purpose LI	Special Feature opt- in	Global consent	OOB Allowed?	Custom Stacks	Pub Controls
###	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	###



Blue: Present in v1.0 Green: New in v2.0

Other Technical Updates for TCF v2 Tech Specs

- Purposes versioning support
- Updated macro for Consent String URL passing
- Checksum
- CMP JS API improvements and optional synchronous calls
- Support for publisher controls and flexible vendor legal basis
- Support for consent obtained out-of-band
- Support for transparency within specific jurisdictions



US Privacy – State of Play

Action by California & other states... "Opportunity" in Congress

States

- California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA)
 - Goes into effect in January 2020
 - Amendments being debated now e.g., consumers' right to sue
 - Attorney General taking input & drafting rules in Q3
- Other State Legislative Initiatives
 - Washington, Nevada, Hawaii, New Mexico, New Jersey, Massachusetts, others

U.S. Senate

- Actively discussing privacy-related legislation nothing plausible yet
- Unknown whether a federal privacy standard could be enacted before 2020
- IAB in discussions with stakeholder offices on content, timing, what's possible



CCPA will likely change, but initial language is troublesome...

California Consumer Protection Act main requirements:

- **Notice**: Must meet a series of consumer notice requirements, including informing at or before the point of collection the categories of personal information collected and the purposes of such collection
- Access: Must create mechanisms to intake requests and then provide that information back to consumers (any data point can be linked to a device or household)
- Deletion: Customer data, upon request, can be deleted
- Consumer notice and opt-out of re-selling information: Because definition of "sale" is broad, any form of programmatic will be impacted. A third party cannot "sell" personal information about a consumer that has been "sold" to it unless the consumer has received explicit notice and is provided an opportunity to opt-out. But if you are an intermediary, you do not necessarily know if the publisher has given proper notice...
- If you've built for GDPR, more building will be needed for compliance with CCPA.

Washington & other states

- Allow consumers to find out whether that information is being sold to a third party.
- Require companies to allow consumers to correct inaccurate information, delete their personal data, and object to their personal data being used in direct marketing.

CCPA: Tech Lab's Next Steps

- Phase 1: "Core technical architecture" group
- Goals:
 - Support technology education to IAB US' Legal Affairs CCPA Taskforce
 - Contribute to solutions design as needed
- Next steps: Data-flow diagram & listening for product requirements
- Phase 2: Expanding the Core group
- Add brands & more pubs
- Phase 3: Preparation for public "CCPA Technical Working Group"
- Logistics for a public-facing roster for tech work if/when needed



Meanwhile... A US Federal privacy standard?

- Opportunities to partner and champion initiatives
- Greater opportunity to influence language
- Diverse stakeholders within Congress
- "Privacy for America"
 - Prohibits "unreasonable" collection or use of information as defined under the law;
 requires reasonable data security
 - Identifies certain practices as "per se reasonable", others as "per se unreasonable"
 - Creates defined process for FTC to designate additional practices as reasonable or unreasonable through rulemaking or enforcement; preserves Section 5 of FTC Act
 - Preempts state privacy laws but authorizes State AGs to enforce per se prohibitions.
 Covers current FTC entities as well as telecoms and possibly nonprofits
 - Amends certain existing federal sectoral laws Video Privacy Protection Act (VPPA),
 Cable Communications Policy Act (CCPA), and possibly CPNI Rules



We Must Solve Privacy-friendly Consumer Identity

Without a solution, we face...

- Unreliable, inconsistent privacy <u>preferences</u> for consumers
- Limited <u>targeting</u> & <u>personalization</u> for buyers
- Incomplete <u>measurement</u> & <u>attribution</u> for buyers
- Wasted <u>spend</u> for advertisers & less <u>revenue</u> for publishers
- Challenges fighting <u>fraud</u> for all of us (more later)



Thank You!